

Highlights from this issue

doi: 10.1136/sextrans-2014-051996

As memories of the festive season fade,

many clinicians will recall recent patients

who regret alcohol related sexual encoun-

ters. Alcohol has a complicated role in

sexual cultures of the West, and perhaps

an even more complicated place in set-

tings where it is banned or hard to access.

As a student visiting friends working in

Norway, I was astonished to visit a home

that had its own still, producing a potato

liqueur behind locked cellar doors.

Alcohol in the UK is relatively cheap, and

home production of spirits (with the

attendant risk of methanol poisoning)

almost unheard of. The role of alcohol in

sexual risk is complex and disputed. On

the one hand, alcohol has been used

through the ages to facilitate and ease

planned and low risk sexual encounters.

On the other, it may increase the likeli-

hood of unprotected high risk partner-

ships. Evidence on the potential role of

sexual health services is sparse and contra-

dictory, as you will see if you read from

Radcliffe's editorial¹ and Crawford's

present an interesting study on the rela-

If you look back over our pre-1982

archive, you will see that syphilis is the

great pre-occupation of our forbears - a

multi-system arteritis that destroyed, in the

unlucky, the nervous system, bones and

skin, and the cardiovascular system. While

many teachers of medicine claim that the

subject is at the margin between the Arts

and the Sciences, a brief glance at medical

text books reveals that they reflect very

little on the history of the discipline com-

pared to other fields. We are therefore

tionship between HPV and alcohol use.3

and colleagues

Schabath

research².

delighted to present a series of short fillers under the section called 'Special correspondence: short histories of syphilis', with an accompanying editorial, by Joseph Tucker and colleagues. This fascinating series reflects on the lessons that the history of syphilis has to offer in an age where we hope for control of the HIV epidemic.

Digital communication increasingly determines how we communicate with patients, and provides new opportunities for health intervention. This month Hickson et al explore the impact of a social marketing on HIV testing among men who have sex with men (MSM),⁵ while Mullan et al present a meta-analysis of the effect of new media interventions on sexual behaviour.⁶

A range of clinically oriented studies explore current controversies such as the optimal treatment for *Mycoplasma genitalium*, ⁷ the feasibility and outcomes of antenatal chlamydia testing ⁸ and STI epidemiology in swingers. ⁹ The introduction of electronic health records has created different anxieties and complexities in the sexual health world from those experienced in fields dealing with less stigmatised conditions, and Pedersen *et al* provide an interesting analysis of current issues in a Canadian population. ¹⁰

Competing interests None.

Provenance and peer review Commissioned; not peer reviewed.

REFERENCES

 Radcliffe K, Thorley N. Screening for alcohol misuse in sexual health clinics. Sex Transm Infect 2015:91:4–5. Jackie A Cassell, *Editor*

- 2 Crawford MJ, Sanatinia R, Barrett B, et al. The clinical and cost-effectiveness of brief advice for excessive alcohol consumption among people attending sexual health clinics: a randomised controlled trial. Sex Transm Infect 2015;91:37–43.
- 3 Schabath MB, Thompson ZJ, Egan KM, et al Alcohol consumption and prevalence of human papillomavirus (HPV) infection among US men in the HPV in Men (HIM) study. Sex Transm Infect 2015;91:61–67.
- 4 Tucker JD, Gelpi A, Bangsberg DR, et al. The disruptive influence of syphilis cures within specialist venereal systems: implications for HIV cure preparedness. Sex Transm Infect 2015;91:2–3.
- Hickson F, Tomlin K, Hargreaves J, et al Internet-based cohort study of HIV testing over 1 year among men who have sex with men living in England and exposed to a social marketing intervention promoting testing. Sex Transm Infect 2015;91:24–30.
- 6 Swanton R, Allom V, Mullan B. A meta-analysis of the effect of new-media interventions on sexual-health behaviours. Sex Transm Infect 2015;91:14–20.
- 7 Gundevia Z, Foster R, Jamil MS, et al Positivity at test of cure following first-line treatment for genital Mycoplasma genitalium: follow-up of a clinical cohort. Sex Transm Infect 2015;91:11–13.
- 8 Cabeza J, García PJ, Segura E, et al Feasibility of Chlamydia trachomatis screening and treatment in pregnant women in Lima, Peru: a prospective study in two large urban hospitals. Sex Transm Infect 2015:91:7–10.
- 9 Spauwen LWL, Niekamp A-M, Hoebe CJPA, et al Drug use, sexual risk behaviour and sexually transmitted infections among swingers: a cross-sectional study in The Netherlands. Sex Transm Infect 2015;91:31–36.
- 10 Pedersen H, Taylor D, Gilbert M, et al A cross-sectional survey exploring attitudes towards provincial electronic health record implementation among clients attending the Provincial Sexually Transmitted Infections Clinic in British Columbia. Sex Transm Infect 2015;91:44–48.

