BOOK REVIEWS

Lupus Erythematosus, and therefore unrelated to either Lupus Pernio or Lupus Vulgaris.

Taking everything into consideration the authors are to be heartily congratulated on having produced a valuable edition to English works on Dermatology, and one which will no doubt achieve several subsequent editions.

G. B. D.


The appearance of the first number (March, 1935) of the Indian Journal of Venereal Diseases is to be welcomed warmly as one more weapon forged for the fight against a ubiquitous scourge. Those who have any personal knowledge of the East know that the problem of dealing with venereal disease is far greater there than in Europe. The reason for this is due to a number of factors—the cultural backwardness of the people, lack of hospitals and clinics and the influence of prejudice and religion on the minds of those infected, to say nothing of the prevalence of quackery. The promoters of this journal are therefore to be congratulated on taking up the task they have set themselves.

The problem of V.D. in India is ably discussed by the author, and other articles on the "Incidence of Syphilis," "Bismuth Therapy" and "Post-arsenbenzol Cutaneous Reactions," to mention only three, are of particular interest.

It is to be hoped that this sturdy child will grow rapidly into a stalwart adult.

T. E. O.