Table Results of differing combinations of test procedures

	Test result combinations							Total
	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	
Culture	+	+	+	+	-	-	-	
IDEIA 2h	+	+	-	-	+	-	-	
18h	+	-	+	-	-	+	-	
Total	29	1	1*	7*†	3	3	155	199

*One culture was only positive after passage.

†On retesting with a two hour IDEIA, a positive result was obtained in one patient.

the culture specimens. The results are summarised in the table.

This study was not concerned with the relative merits of tissue culture vs. IDEIA for the detection of *Chlamydia trachomatis* but only with overnight vs. two hour incubation of the IDEIA. Further studies, with larger number of patients are needed to confirm our findings, but the present study has shown no significant difference in either sensitivity or specificity from

this variation in procedure. This may be of value to those laboratories who wish to issue the results on the morning after receipt of the specimen.

JT ARUMAINAYAGAM*
DJ WHITE

Department of Genitourinary Medicine,
The General Hospital, Steelhouse Lane,
Birmingham B4 6NH, UK
RS MATTHEWS
Department of Virology,
Dudley Road Hospital, Dudley Road,
Birmingham, UK

MATTERS ARISING

Syphilis in art

The recent series of articles by Dr Morton on syphilis in art¹ have been fascinating and entertaining. The quality of illustrations has been quite impressive.

I fear that an error has crept into the very last illustration, of the final article, together with the text which refers to it ("Fig 70 Maina-Miriam Munsy. Colposcopy. 1972").¹ The picture clearly shows a surgeon using a rigid endoscope inserted into the female parts. This cannot be a colposcopic examination. The possibilities are, therefore, cystoscopy; hysteroscopy; or *culdoscopy*. The lack of an irrigating fluid or other distending medium make all but the latter unlikely. A diathermy earth plate is attached to the right thigh.

Culdoscopy is seldom performed in the United Kingdom and the "knee-chest" position is generally favoured (even less aesthetic than the Lloyd-Davies position in the illustration) together with general anaesthetic. In the case illustrated the partially flexed right forearm and absence of straps to

restrict the legs suggest that this procedure was performed without general anaesthesia. The culdoscope is inserted via an incision in the posterior vaginal skin. The indications are similar to those for laparoscopy, though the hazards and poorer visualisation of culdoscopy largely account for its infrequent use.²

MALCOLM GRIFFITHS
47 Sedgmoor Road, Flackwell Heath,
High Wycombe, Bucks HP10 9AW

- 1 Morton RS. Syphilis in art: an entertainment in four parts. Part 4. *Genitourin Med* 1990;66:280-94.
- 2 Howkins J, Hudson CN. "Endoscopy in Gynaecology", In: *Shaw's Textbook of Operative Gynaecology*, 5th ed, Edinburgh: Churchill-Livingstone, 1983:37-45.

Decreased in vitro antibiotic susceptibility of *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* isolates in Hong Kong

Recently, Fung and Ng¹ reported a decreased in vitro susceptibility to spectinomycin of penicillinase producing *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* isolated in Hong Kong in 1987 compared with strains isolated 3 to 4 years earlier. However, with the speed at which travellers can be moved around the world today it is desirable for current information on changing antibiotic susceptibility patterns in areas of high tourist activity to be disseminated as

quickly as possible since these population movements are undoubtedly a major contributing factor in the spread of sexually transmitted diseases.² Hong Kong certainly receives its fair share of international travellers with approximately 6 million tourists last year and without doubt some of these were exporters of *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* which were acquired in Hong Kong.

Current information for the first three months of this year for penicillin susceptibility based on breakpoint methods using 0.1 and 0.5 µg/ml concentrations incorporated into agar, show 13% sensitive, 31% moderately resistant and 56% resistant. Of the resistant strains almost half are penicillinase producing leaving a substantial number that are chromosomally resistant. This level of resistance has in fact been increasing steadily over the last few years despite the fact that the antibiotic of choice for the treatment of uncomplicated infections has been either spectinomycin or ofloxacin although the latter more commonly. Regarding spectinomycin, figures for this year also show a decreased in vitro susceptibility but no greater than was found in 1987. On the other hand there would appear to be a decreased in vitro susceptibility to ofloxacin. In previous years no strains were resistant in vitro to 0.5 µg/ml but this year a number of strains have been found which are resistant at this level of incorporated antibiotic. However, at the level of dosage used (400 mg stat for males and 500 mg stat for females) there has been no definite treatment failures.

Clearly there is a continued need for monitoring of antibiotic susceptibility not only at the bench but also at the patient level and the rapid dissemination of this information through international journals.

S I EGGLESTONE
Department of Health Sciences,
Hong Kong Polytechnic
Kowloon, Hong Kong

K M KAM
Institute of Pathology,
Sai Ying Pun Polyclinic,
Sai Ying Pun, Hong Kong

C F LAI
Social Hygiene Unit,
Sai Ying Pun Polyclinic,
Sai Ying Pun, Hong Kong

- 1 Fung HW, Ng WWS. Decreased in vitro susceptibility of penicillinase producing *Neisseria gonorrhoeae* in Hong Kong. *Genitourin Med* 1989; 65:129.