

**Table 3** (corrected): Prevalence of infection among first accepted tests from female participants (16–24 years) depending on reason for testing

Healthcare setting	Portsmouth					
	Group 1*		Group 2*		Group 3*	
	Number positive (n)	Prevalence (%; 95% CI)	Number positive (n)	Prevalence (%; 95% CI)	Number positive (n)	Prevalence (%; 95% CI)
General practice	46	14.6 (10.9 to 18.9)	209	10.1 (8.8 to 11.4)	308	7.9 (7.1 to 8.8)
Family planning	9	16.7 (7.9 to 29.3)	85	9.5 (7.7 to 11.6)	157	8.8 (7.5 to 10.2)
GUM	94	14.0 (11.5 to 16.8)	2	10.5 (1.3 to 33.1)	24	12.1 (7.9 to 17.4)
Youth sexual health clinics	0	0	4	11.4 (3.2 to 26.7)	17	17.3 (10.4 to 26.3)

  

Health setting	Wirral					
	Group 1*		Group 2*		Group 3*	
	Number positive (n)	Prevalence (%; 95% CI)	Number positive (n)	Prevalence (%; 95% CI)	Number positive (n)	Prevalence (%; 95% CI)
General practice	24	17.3 (11.4 to 24.6)	37	9.0 (6.4 to 12.3)	56	7.8 (6.0 to 10.1)
Family planning	0	0	29	10.0 (6.8 to 14.1)	62	10.1 (7.9 to 12.8)
GUM	33	15.3 (10.8 to 20.9)	37	19.3 (13.9 to 25.6)	8	12.7 (5.6 to 23.5)
Youth sexual health clinics	1	12.5 (0.3 to 52.7)	39	15.2 (11.1 to 20.2)	63	10.9 (8.5 to 13.7)

\*Episodes from the first accepted tests categorised as: Group 1: Those who either reported symptoms of chlamydial infection and attended for this reason or attended for GUM screening; Group 2: Those who attended for another reason but reported symptoms on the form ('opportunistic screening' as would not normally be tested); Group 3: Those who were asymptomatic ('opportunistic screening'). All groups are mutually exclusive and episodes where reason for test is unknown have been excluded.